

SOCIETY FOR VETERINARY EPIDEMIOLOGY AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

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SVEPM Proposal Form For Organizing a pre-conference Workshop

Please complete the expandable table below and return by email by August 31st 2019 to the SVEPM Honorary Secretary, Philip Robinson at secretary@svepm.org.uk, and Alexis Delabouglise at alexis.delabouglise@cirad.fr

Title of the Workshop	Exploring drivers of change in Antimicrobial Usage (AMU)
	through participatory methods
Workshop facilitators Please provide name, affiliation and email address Underline the name of the contact person One facilitator will receive free registration to the SVEPM annual meeting	Goutard Flavie, UMR Astre, CIRAD, goutard@cirad.fr
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Learning objectives and	After this session, participants will be able to:
expected outcomes	To explain why participatory approaches have been developed;
	To define the term participatory epidemiology;
	To explain when participatory epidemiology is a suitable
	approach for understanding drivers of change in AMU;
	To explain the concepts of key informants, saturation,
	triangulation and iterative process;
	To describe two participatory tools, Q Method and Stakeholder
	Mapping Analysis and their use in the context of investigating
	drivers of change in AMU;
	To be able to outline the strengths and weaknesses of these
	approaches;
Content and structure	Participatory approaches are an important tool for identifying and
	quantifying the social factors that play an important role in
	behavior change, especially in AMU. In this session, we present
	two participatory tools that can help explore levers and incentives
	for practice change among stakeholders. The first tool is the Q
	Methodology, a mixed method, which allows us to analyze the
	subjectivity of individuals confronted with a problem and to
	identify groups of individuals with correlated opinions. The second
	tool is the Stakeholder Mapping Analysis, which allows to identify
	the stakeholders involved in AMU reduction strategies to describe
	their behavior, their relationship and the influence they have on
	these strategies and on each other.

	Planning (3h) - Introduction to participatory approach 1 h - Example of Q Method used for exploring drivers of AMU in Madagascar, Vietnam and Thailand 1h - Example of Stakeholder Mapping Analysis to explore AMR surveillance network in Vietnam and veterinary antibiotics supply
Materials provided by the facilitators	- Interactive powerpoint about the participatory approaches - Related scientific articles
Nd Maximum number of participants	30 persons
Assumed knowledge of participants	Knowledge on classic epidemiology and some notion on qualitative approaches
Required meeting room set-up and equipment, including number of power points (for laptops)	The workshop will be online! No need to fill this part